

# Notifiable Diseases in Tasmania

## Diseases Notifiable by Laboratories

☎ Anthrax	☎ Lyssavirus – Australian bat lyssavirus infection
☎ Arbovirus – Ross River Virus infection	☎ Lyssavirus – other (unspecified) lyssavirus infection
☎ Arbovirus – Barmah Forest Virus infection	☎ Malaria
☎ Arbovirus – Chikungunya virus infection	☎ Measles
☎ Arbovirus – Dengue virus infection	☎ Meningococcal infection
☎ Arbovirus – Japanese encephalitis virus infection	☎ Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS)
☎ Arbovirus – Murray Valley encephalitis virus infection	☎ Mpox virus infection
☎ Arbovirus – West Nile/Kunjin virus infection	☎ Mumps
☎ Avian influenza	☎ Ornithosis (psittacosis)
☎ Botulism	☎ Paratyphoid
☎ Brucellosis	☎ Pertussis
☎ Campylobacteriosis	☎ Plague
☎ Carbapenemase-producing Enterobacteriaceae	☎ Pneumococcal infection (invasive)
☎ <i>Chlamydia trachomatis</i> infection	☎ Poliovirus infection
☎ Cholera	☎ Q fever
☎ Creutzfeldt – Jakob Disease *	☎ Rabies
☎ Creutzfeldt – Jakob Disease – variant *	☎ Respiratory Syncytial Virus
☎ Cryptosporidiosis	☎ Rickettsial infection
☎ Diphtheria	☎ Rotavirus infection
☎ Donovanosis	☎ Rubella (including congenital)
☎ Flavivirus infection - Unspecified	☎ Salmonellosis
☎ Gonococcal infection	☎ Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
☎ <i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b infection (invasive)	☎ Severe Acute Respiratory Infection Coronavirus 2 (COVID-19)
☎ Hepatitis A	☎ Shiga toxin or vero toxin producing <i>Escherichia coli</i>
☎ Hepatitis B	☎ Shigellosis
☎ Hepatitis C	☎ Smallpox
☎ Hepatitis D	☎ <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> bacteraemia
☎ Hepatitis E	☎ Syphilis (including congenital)
☎ Human immunodeficiency virus infection	☎ Tetanus
☎ Hydatid infection	☎ Tuberculosis
☎ Influenza infection	☎ Tularaemia
☎ Invasive Group A Streptococcal disease	☎ Typhoid fever
☎ Lead †	☎ Vancomycin Resistant <i>Enterococcus</i>
☎ Legionellosis	☎ Varicella zoster
☎ Leprosy	☎ <i>Vibrio</i> infection
☎ Leptospirosis	☎ Viral Haemorrhagic fever
☎ Listeriosis	☎ Yellow Fever
☎ Lymphogranuloma venereum	☎ <i>Yersinia</i> infection

\* Notify on the receipt and acceptance of a request for testing

† Notify blood lead level greater than 5 µg/dL (0.24 µmol/L) where the person has not been occupationally exposed to lead.

For those diseases marked (☎) notify CDPU **immediately** by telephone on **1800 671 738**. Confirm the notification in writing by 5:00 PM on the next working day (via fax established electronic reporting channel, secure email [cdpu.notifications@health.tas.gov.au](mailto:cdpu.notifications@health.tas.gov.au) or fax **03 6173 0821**).

Notify all other disease before 5:00 PM of the next working day after you are aware that a person has evidence of the disease.

A full copy of the *Guidelines for Notifying Diseases and Food Contaminants* is located on the [Health](https://www.health.tas.gov.au/health-topics/environmental-health/public-health-act-and-associated-guidelines) website at <https://www.health.tas.gov.au/health-topics/environmental-health/public-health-act-and-associated-guidelines>

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