

# Notifiable Diseases in Tasmania

## Diseases Notifiable by Medical Practitioner

☎ Anthrax	☎ Meningococcal infection
☎ Avian influenza	☎ Middle East Respiratory Syndrome
☎ Botulism	☎ Monkeypox virus infection
☎ Cholera	Mumps
Creutzfeldt – Jakob Disease	Pertussis
Creutzfeldt – Jakob Disease – variant	☎ Plague
☎ Diphtheria	☎ Poliovirus infection
Donovanosis	☎ Rabies
☎ Food or waterborne illness	☎ Rubella (including congenital)
☎ Gastroenteritis*	☎ Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome
☎ Haemolytic uraemic syndrome	☎ Smallpox
Hepatitis Unspecified	Syphilis (congenital only)
Hydatid infection	Tetanus
Invasive Group A Streptococcal disease	Tuberculosis
Leprosy	☎ Tularaemia
☎ Lyssavirus – Australian bat lyssavirus infection	Varicella
☎ Lyssavirus – other (unspecified) lyssavirus infection	☎ Viral Haemorrhagic fever
☎ Measles	☎ Yellow Fever

\* Notify if the person resides, attends or works in a residential, educational, healthcare or childcare facility and the medical practitioner considers the case is part of an outbreak.

For those diseases marked (☎) notify CDPU **immediately** by telephone on **1800 671 738**. Confirm the notification in writing by 5:00 PM on the next working day (via fax to **03 6173 0821**).

Notify all other diseases before 5:00 PM of the next working day after you are aware that a person has evidence of the disease. Notify by telephone or fax.

You are not required to notify if you are aware that the Director or Public Health Officer has previously been notified in relation to the notifiable disease by the laboratory.

A full copy of the *Guidelines for Notifying Diseases and Food Contaminants* is located on the [Public Health Services website](#).

1 July 2022